# AMENDMENT TO ORDINANCE OF THE TRIBAL COUNCIL OF THE CONFEDERATED SALISH AND KOOTENAI TRIBES OF THE FLATHEAD RESERVATION

WHEREAS, the Tribal Council, as primary governing body of the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, having found it in the best interests of the Tribes to have fair, understandable, and enforceable laws in a form readily accessible to the public, enacted the CSKT Laws Codified by passing Tribal Ordinance 103-A on December 9, 1999; and

WHEREAS, it has been brought to the attention of the Tribal Council that in order to be as accurate, clear, and consistent as possible, the CSKT Laws Codified require certain technical amendments; and

WHEREAS, the Tribal Council recognizes the dynamic nature of the law and the importance of continuing to update and codify Tribal law;

THEREFORE, the Tribal Council hereby amends Tribal Ordinance 103-A to reflect needed typographical and technical corrections by revising the following sections of the CSKT Laws Codified:

- 1. §1–2–204. Substitution of Judges. (1) REMOVE SUBSTITUTION OF JUDGE WITHOUT CAUSE
- 2. §1-2-7... Rule 3. Trial Scheduling. (2) Criminal Trial Scheduling. ADD REQUIRED FORM
- 3. §1-2-7... Rule 5. Computation of Time. AMEND FOR CLARIFICATION
- 4. §1-2-7... Rule 7. Format. CORRECT SPACING TYPO
- 5. §1-2-7... Rule 9. Service of Process in Civil Actions. INSERT LANGUAGE FROM AMENDMENT 22 INTO (3)(d)
- 6. §1-2-7. . . Rule 13. Ex Parte Matters.

  AMEND FOR CLARIFICATION
- 7. §2-1-917. Violation of a protective order. (4) CORRECT STIKEOUT TYPO

8. §2-1-1203.	Carrying a concealed weapon while under the influence. (1) INSERT MISSING WORDS "IS IMPAIRED"
9. §2–2–610.	Violation of a release order. (1)(c) REMOVE CONDITION LIMITING JUDICIAL DISCRETION
10. §2-2-809.	Pretrial conference. (4) CORRECT CAPITALIZATION ERRORS
11. §2-2-1106.	Jury instructions. (1) AMEND TO REQUIRE FILING OF JURY INSTRUCTIONS
12. §2-2-1206.	Payment of fines and restitution. (2)(b) CORRECT REFERENCE TO RESTITUTION
13. §2-2-1306.	Forfeiture of bond in lieu of appearance. INSERT MISSING WORD.
14. §3-1-106.	Adoption. (1)(b) AMEND FOR SIGNATURE TO BE WITNESSED BY CLERK
15. §3-1-109	Grandparent Contact. RENUMBER SECTION NUMBER PROVIDED IN AMENDMENT NO. 28 TO BE SEQUENTIAL WITH EXISTING CODE NUMBERS
16. §3-3-102.	Definitions. (19), (29), and (39) REVISE LANGUAGE FOR CLARITY
17. §3-3-404.	Status offenses. CORRECT SUBSECTION REFERENCES
18. §3-3-405.	Youth Curfew Violation. (2) INSERT MISSING ELEMENTS OF OFFENSE
19. §3-3-406.	Runaway. AMEND FOR CLARIFICATION
20. §3-3-407.	Truancy. AMEND FOR CLARIFICATION

- 21. §3-3-603. Release or delivery from custody. CORRECT POSITION OF "OR"
- 22. §3-4-210. Hearing on petition for commitment. (2) REMOVE INCONSISTENT LANGUAGE
- 23. §4-4-202. Form of Complaint, and Order of Court, and Notice to Defendant. REMOVE STRIKEOUT TYPO
- 24. Update Title Page, Introduction, Table of Contents, and Appendices.
- 25. Update parenthetical revision date references.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

The foregoing Amendment to Ordinance 103-A was duly enacted by the Tribal Council on the 21st day of March, 2013, with a vote of 10 for, 0 opposed, and 0 not voting pursuant to the authority vested in the Tribal Council by Article VI, Section 1(a), (l), (n), (p), (q), (r), and (u) of the Tribes' Constitution adopted and approved under Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984), as amended.

SIGNED:

Chairman, Tribal Council

ATTEST:

Tribal Secretary

#### **Code Revisions:**

1. Remove substitution of judge without cause. Needed for judicial economy in light of limited number of judges, frequency of recusal and expense of pro tem replacements.

1–2–204. Substitution of Judges. (1) Each party to a proceeding is entitled to substitution of a judge without asserting cause for the substitution, if the motion is made within ten days of the party receiving notice of the judge's assignment to the case. (2) Where cause exists, a party to a proceeding may make a timely and sufficient affidavit that the assigned Judge has a personal bias or prejudice either against the party or in favor of any adverse party. Such Judge shall proceed no further therein. The affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias or prejudice exists, and shall be filed at the earliest opportunity, and not less than ten days before the proceeding is to be heard, or good cause shall be shown for failure to file it within such time. It shall be accompanied by a certificate of counsel of record stating that it is made in good faith. The Chief Judge shall review the affidavit and upon finding cause shall assign another Judge to hear such proceeding. (Rev. 1-27-00) (Rev. ...)

# 2. At §1-2-7.....Rule 3. Trial Scheduling. (Add required form)

(2) <u>Criminal Trial Scheduling</u>. The Clerk of Court shall keep a trial calendar upon which all criminal causes shall be entered. The Tribal Prosecutor and Defense counsel shall jointly prepare and file a proposed pretrial memorandum and order for approval and issuance by the presiding judge in substantially the following form: (Rev. 4-15-03) (Rev. ...)

(Add following form.)

# IN THE TRIBAL COURT OF THE CONFEDERATED SALISH AND KOOTENAI TRIBES OF THE FLATHEAD INDIAN RESERVATION

CONFEDERATED SALISH AND KOOTENAI TRIBES, Plaintiff, -vs-	) Cause No ) PRETRIAL MEMORANDUM ) AND ORDER )
Defendant.	)
Pursuant to CSKT Laws Codified § 2-2-8 the Court's consideration.  1. Criminal Charges.	209(4) the Parties submit this Pretrial Memorandum for
	th:
2. Stipulations.  The following facts are agreed and need a	not be proven at trial:
The parties may enter into additional writeleast five days prior to trial.	tten Stipulations which must be filed with the Court at
exhibit on this Memorandum does not co party's exhibits are admissible. Either pa approval up to the close of discovery. At exhibits only by mutual agreement, or wi	the following exhibits at trial. The listing of a proposed onstitute an admission by either party that the opposing arty may add exhibits of real evidence without Court fter the close of discovery, the parties may add such ith the approval of the Court. The parties must disclose in advance of trial or may add exhibits by mutual
Prosecution:	

Defense:
b. Witnesses.  The parties intend, at this time, to call the witnesses listed below. Up to ten days before trial, witnesses may be added by either party without Court approval by filing a written notice of additional witnesses. After that date, the parties may add witnesses only by mutual agreement or with Court approval. The parties may not call any other witnesses, except for rebuttal purposes. The obligation for both parties to disclose witnesses or exhibits they intend to use at trial is a continuing one.
Prosecution: Fact Witnesses
Expert Witnesses
A written summary of any expert's anticipated testimony, the basis and reasons for their opinions, and a copy of their qualifications shall be provided by close of discovery.  Character Witnesses
Defense: Fact Witnesses
Expert Witnesses
A written summary of any expert's anticipated testimony, the basis and reasons for their opinions, and a copy of their qualifications shall be provided by .
Character Witnesses

# c. Other Discovery.

Disclosure by Prosecution.

The Prosecution shall disclose all evidence it intends to use in its case in chief, along with all materials listed in *Section 2-2-804(3)*, *CSKT Laws Codified*, prior to the close of discovery.

The Prose	ecution states t	hat there	has, or	has not been any electronic surveillance
	nversation to v			
There	was, or	was not	an investigativ	ve subpoena executed in connection with the
case.				
There	was, or	was not	an informant i	nvolved. If there was, the informant is
identified	as:			
committe	-	ution states t		ime, date, and place the alleged offense was mation, for alibi purposes, is provided in the
that it into prior to the inform the Defendant	ends to offer un ne close of disc e	nder Rule 40- covery. The i	4(b) of the Fe notice shall de nd witnesses t	y evidence of other crimes, wrongs, or acts, deral Rules of Evidence, at least two weeks escribe the evidence in sufficient detail to o the alleged incidents, and shall also state the
The Prose	ecution anticip	ates taking th	ne following d	epositions:
The Defe	ndant makes tl	ne following	specific reque	ests for discovery:
The Defe				to use in its case in chief, along with all <i>Codified</i> , prior to the close of discovery.
2-2-805(1	l), CSKT Laws vitnesses excep	Codified: na	mes, addresse	ith the following requests pursuant to Section es, telephone numbers and statements of any defense exhibits; reports of any defense
	ndant's compe ) is, or			nental condition at the time of the alleged
to introdu be in writ	ice evidence at	trial of good the Court, ar	l character or	written notice to the Prosecution of the intent of any affirmative defenses. The notice must h the requirements of Section 2-2-
The Defe	nse anticipates	taking the fo	ollowing depo	sitions:
Discovery	y shall close or	1:		

4. Pretrial Motions.  All pretrial motions shall be filed by Motions to Sever (Section 2-2-806, CSKT Laws Codified) and Motions to Suppress (Sections 2-2-802 and 2-2-803) must be filed at least ten days prior to trial. All defense motions raising matters listed in Section 2-2-801, CSKT Laws Codified, shall be deemed waived if not raised prior to trial, unless the judge grants relief from such waiver. Motions in limine or other trial motions should be filed at least five days prior to trial, unless the Court approves a later filing on a showing of good cause.
<b>5. Plea Agreements.</b> Final plea bargain offers shall be given to the Defendant no later than eight working days prior to trial. It is understood that plea agreements entered into up to five days prior to trial will be reviewed by the Court, and approved if not unconscionable. After that time plea agreements will receive heightened scrutiny with no assurances being given of the acceptability of such plea agreements.
6. Trial.  This case is set for trial on This case will be tried by the Court, or a jury. Trial is expected to last day(s). If the case is set for a jury trial, both the defendant and the prosecutor shall file proposed written jury instructions five days prior to the trial in accord with Section 2-2-1106 of the CSKT Laws Codified. Objections to proposed written jury instructions shall be filed three days before trial and the settlement hearing on jury instructions shall be held on the record on the day before trial. If the Defendant does not maintain contact with his attorney, except for good cause shown, the Defendant's right to a jury trial will be waived and the case tried by the Court without a jury
7. Motion for continuance. A continuance of a trial date shall accord with Section 2-2-808 of the CSKT Laws Codified. The defendant or the Tribes may file a written motion for continuance, or the Court may continue the proceedings on its own motion. If a party so moves less than 10 days before a scheduled hearing or trial, the Court requires that the motion be supported by an affidavit including a statement as to whether a continuance is opposed by the adverse party. This section shall be applied in a manner which insures criminal cases are tried with due diligence consistent with the rights of the defendant to a speedy trial.
Dated this day of, 20 Dated this day of, 20
Prosecutor Counsel for Defendant
The foregoing schedule is Approved and Ordered this day of, 20, for Cause No CR
Judge of the Tribal Court

#### 3. At §1-2-7.....Rule 5. Computation of Time. (Amend for clarification)

Rule 5. Computation of Time. Except with regard to criminal sentencing or unless the context plainly requires otherwise, whenever time limitations are expressed in days under Tribal law, the day of service and Saturdays, Sundays, and Tribal legal holidays are excluded from the computation. If a <u>filing or payment deadline time for answer</u> falls on a <u>Saturday, Sunday, or Tribal legal holiday day that the Clerk of Court Office is closed</u>, the time is extended to the next succeeding Tribal workday. No additional time is allowed for delivery by mail or otherwise except by permission of the presiding judge. (Rev. 4-15-03) (Rev. . . . .)

# 4. At §1-2-7.... Rule 7. Format. (Correct spacing)

Name of counsel Complete mailing address Telephone number

# IN THE TRIBAL COURT OF THE CONFEDERATED SALISH AND KOOTENAI TRIBES OF THE FLATHEAD RESERVATION, PABLO, MONTANA

	, Plaintiff,	)	)	Cause No
vs.		<b>,</b>	) ) )	COMPLAINT (or other pleading or motion, completely titled)
	Defendant.	,	)	

# 5. At §1-2-7.... Rule 9. Service of Process in Civil Actions. Insert language from Amendment 22 into (3)(d).

(d) Service by Publication in Child Abuse and Neglect proceedings shall be as prescribed in Sections 3-2-304, 3-2-305 and 3-2-306, CSKT Laws Codified.

# 6. At §1-2-7.... Rule 13. Ex Parte Matters. (Amend for clarity)

#### Rule 13. Ex Parte Matters.

(1) <u>Application for Orders</u>. Extensions of time to further plead, file briefs, continue a hearing on a motion, and other permissible ex parte matters may be granted by order of the Court upon written application by counsel or an unrepresented party, stating the grounds for the <u>requested</u>

<u>order</u> extension, proposing an early date certain for filing or the hearing and certifying the notice to opposing parties as provided in (2) below.

- (2) <u>Certificate of Notice</u>. Prior to the issuance of an ex parte order, the counsel or unrepresented party seeking such order must file a written certification with the Court declaring that opposing counsel and any unrepresented party has been contacted, or that a diligent effort has been made to contact said counsel or unrepresented party, to give reasonable notice of
- : (a) the time and place of the ex parte conference or meeting, and
- (b) the substance of the order sought.

Such certification shall also include information as to whether opposing counsel or any unrepresented adverse party opposes the motion. . . . . (Rev. . .)

#### 7. At §2-1-917 (4) (Remove strikeout)

#### 2-1-917. Violation of a protective order.

(4) Violation of a protective order is a Class D offense over which the Tribes have exclusive jurisdiction, except as provided by 2-1-701 (11) concerning multiple violations of a protective order involving a family or household member. (Rev. 1-27-00) (Rev. . .)

#### 8. At §2-1-1203 (Insert missing language regarding elements of offense and edit for clarity)

**2–1–1203.** Carrying a concealed weapon while under the influence. 1) A person commits the offense of carrying a concealed weapon while under the influence if he or she purposely or knowingly carries a concealed weapon while under the influence of an intoxicating substance. For the purpose of this statute "under the influence" means that as a result of taking into the body alcohol, drugs, or any combination of alcohol and drugs, a person's ability to safely operate a weapon is impaired. It is not a defense that the person had is a person permitted to carry a concealed weapon under Section 2–1–1201(2). . . . . (Rev. . .)

# 9. At §2-2-610 (Remove condition, "at the defendant's request," limiting Court's proper discretion.)

<u>2–2–610. Violation of a release order</u>. (1) If a defendant violates a condition of release, including failure to appear, the prosecutor may make a motion to the court for revocation of the order of release. The court may issue a warrant for the arrest of a defendant charged with violating a condition of release and declare the bail to be revoked. Upon arrest, the defendant must be brought before the court without unnecessary delay and the court shall conduct a hearing and re–determine bail. On finding probable cause that the defendant has violated a tribal, state, or federal law, or on finding a violation of any other release condition by clear and convincing evidence, the Court may:

- (a) reinstate the original release order on the same conditions and amount of bail; or
- (b) revoke the original bail, increase the amount of the bail and modify the conditions of release; or
- (c) at the defendant's request, revoke the defendant's release for any period of time, up to 10 days, and then reinstate release on the original conditions and bail or on such conditions and bail as the Court deems appropriate. Such time shall not be credited as time served under Section 2-2-1210 or 2-2-1211... (Rev...)

#### 10. At §2-2-809 (Correct capitalization errors)

#### 2-2-809. Pretrial conference.

(4) In the interest of judicial economy, the Court may Order order the parties to prepare a proposed Pretrial Order pretrial order, without a pretrial conference, for the Court's signature. (Rev. . .)

# 11. At §2-2-1106 Criminal Jury Instructions. (Amend to require filing of jury instructions)

<u>2-2-1106. Jury instructions</u>. (1) General instructions may be furnished by the Tribal Court. When either <u>Both</u> the defendant or <u>and</u> the prosecutor desires a <u>shall file</u> special instructions to be given to the jury. Such proposed instructions shall be reduced to writing, signed by the party offering the instructions and delivered to the judge at least 5 days before trial unless a different time is established by the judge. For good cause shown, the parties may supplement or withdraw instructions at the close of evidence. (Rev. . .)

#### 12. At §2-2-1206(2)(b) (Correct reference to restitution)

# 2-2-1206. Payment of fines and restitution.

- (2) All monies collected for restitution shall be paid through the Clerk of Court. Upon receiving the monies the Clerk shall:
- (a) issue a receipt to the paying person;
- (b) credit the account of the offender, noting whether the fine restitution is paid in full or what balance, if any remains due; and
- (c) transfer the monies to the person to whom restitution is to be paid. (Rev. . .)

# 13. At §2-2-1306 (Insert missing word in 2<sup>nd</sup> sentence)

**2-2-1306.** Forfeiture of Bond in lieu of Appearance. A defendant may pay and forfeit the scheduled bond for the cited offense and thereby be relieved of the obligation to appear. Forfeiture of the bond shall constitute a conviction on the cited offense and shall require no further proceedings. (Rev. . .)

# 14. At §3-1-106(1)(b) (Amend for petition signature to be witnessed by Clerk)

(b) A petition for adoption shall be signed by petitioners, witnessed by a Judge Clerk of the Tribal Court, and shall specify: . . (Rev. . .)

## 15. At §3-1-109 (renumber section number provided in Amendmant 28)

# 3-1-113 3-1-109. Grandparent Contact.

#### 16. At §3-3-102 (Revise definitions (19), (29), and (39) for clarity.)

- (19) "Indian Youth" and "Youth" refers to means a youth who is an enrolled or enrollable member of the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes; or is an enrolled or enrollable member of a federally recognized tribe and residing on the Flathead Reservation;
- (29) "Status Offense" means an offense committed by a youth who commits an offense prohibited by law, which, if committed by an adult, would not constitute a criminal offense. , including but not limited to a youth who: Status Offenses include but are not limited to the following:
- (a) Violates Violating any Tribal, Montana municipal, State, or federal law regarding use of alcoholic beverages or tobacco by minors, except that traditional cultural use of tobacco shall not be a youth offense;
- (b) <del>Disobeys</del> <u>Disobeying</u> the reasonable and lawful demands of his <u>or her</u> parents, or guardian or <u>is being</u> ungovernable and beyond their control;
- (c) Being While subject to compulsory school attendance, is being truant from school;
- (d) Runaway Being a runaway; or
- (e) Curfew Violating curfew.
- (39) "Youth in need of Supervision" means a youth who commits an offense prohibited by law which, if committed by an adult, would not constitute a criminal offense, including but not limited to a youth who:
- (a) Violates any Tribal, Montana municipal, State, or federal law regarding use of alcoholic beverages or tobacco by minors, except that traditional cultural use of tobacco shall not be a youth offense;

- (b) Disobeys the reasonable and lawful demands of his parents, or guardian or is ungovernable and beyond their control;
- (c) Being subject to compulsory school attendance, is truant from school; or
- (d) Has committed any of the acts of a delinquent youth but whom the Youth Court in its discretion chooses to regard as a youth in need of supervision;
- (e) Is a Runaway; or
- (f) Violates Curfew. (Rev. ...)

# 17. At §3-3-404 (Correct subsection reference.)

<u>3-3-404. Status Offenses.</u> Youths under the age of 18 may be cited for Status Offenses. Status Offenses shall be referred to Youth Court I or Youth Court II pursuant to Section 3-3-102(34 35) and 3-3-102(35 36) for disposition. (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. ...)

#### 18. At 3-3-405 (Insert missing elements of the offense)

- <u>3-3-405. Youth Curfew Violation.</u> (1) Every person under the age of 18 is subject to curfew times as follows:
  - a. 10:00 p.m. until 6:00 a.m. on the following morning Sunday through Thursday, and;
  - b. 12:00 midnight until 6:00 a.m. the following morning on Friday and Saturday.
- (2) A person under the age of 18 commits the offense of Youth Curfew Violation by being abroad on the public streets, roadways, or lands of the Flathead Reservation during the above listed curfew times without prior approval of a parent or guardian. Return travel directly from a school activity to the youth's residence is not a curfew violation.
- (2) (3) Youths may be cited for Youth Curfew Violation notwithstanding any violation of Section 2-1-710, CSKT Laws Codified. (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. ...)

# 19. At 3-3-406 (Edit for clarity)

- 3-3-406 Runaway. (1) A person under the age of 18 commits the offense of Runaway as follows:
  - a. by Leaving leaving a Court Ordered placement without authority to do so; or
- b. by Leaving leaving home without the consent of a parent or guardian or a custodian having legal custody of the youth and being reported by the parent/guardian/custodian as having run away. (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. ...)

#### 20. At 3-3-407 (Edit for clarity)

3-3-407. Truancy. A person under the age of 16, who is subject to compulsory school attendance, commits the offense of Truancy by being subject to compulsory school attendance, is absent from school without prior approval of a parent or guardian. (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. ...)

## 21. At §3-3-603 (Correct position of "or".)

- <u>3-3-603. Release or delivery from custody.</u> A law enforcement officer shall have discretionary authority to do the following after taking a youth into custody prior to questioning:
- (1) Release the youth to the youth's parent or guardian;
- (2) Release the youth to a relative or other responsible adult designated by the juvenile probation officer, if the youth's parent, guardian or custodian consents to the release or parent either isn't capable to consent or can't be located; or
- (3) Deliver the youth to a licensed youth facility as designated by the juvenile probation officer or to a medical facility if the youth is believed to need prompt medical treatment; or
- (4) Hold the youth in the Tribal Jail in a designated juvenile holding facility or other area separate from physical or sustained sight or sound contract between juvenile offenders in a secure custody status and incarcerated adults, including inmate trustees, for a period not to exceed 24 hours pending delivery to a licensed youth facility, a Court appearance, or release to a parent or guardian. (Rev. 2-21-06) (Rev. 3-7-06) (Rev. 7-25-06) (Rev. ...)

#### 22. At §3-4-210 (Remove inconsistent language.)

# 3-4-209. Request for Jury Trial. (Repealed 4-15-03.)

<u>3-4-210(2). Hearing on Petition for Commitment.</u> A hearing on Petition for Commitment shall consist of:

(2) The professional person upon whose judgment the petition was based must be present for the hearing and subject to cross-examination. The hearing shall be governed by the Tribal Court Rules of Civil Procedure. except that, if tried by a jury, at least two-thirds of the jurors must concur on finding that the respondent is seriously mentally ill. The written report of the professional person that indicates the professional person's diagnosis may be attached to the petition, but must be verified by the professional person at the hearing before formal admission into evidence. . .

### 23. At §4-4-202 (Remove strike-out "and" from Section title)

4-4-202. Form of Complaint, and Order of Court, and Notice to Defendant. The sworn complaint, the order of court, and the notice to defendant shall substantially conform to the appropriate sample forms included at the end of this Chapter. (Rev. 4-15-03) (Rev. . . .)

# 24. Update Title Page, Introduction, Table of Contents, and Appendices.

**25.** Update parenthetical revision date references, viz. (Rev. 7-14-09), for all previously revised or newly codified sections.

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Sections:
1-2-106
                (Rev. 4-1-04)
1-2-107
                (Rev. 10-1-09)
1-2-613
                (Rev. 3-22-05)
1-2-7 R9
                (Rev. 9-6-07) (Rev. *-*-*)
1-2-803
                (Rev. 4-1-04)
1-2-811
                (Rev. 4-1-04)
1-2-9 R2
                (Rev. 9-6-07)
2-1-710
                (Rev. 4-27-04) (Rev. 12-23-04) (Rev. 3-22-05)
3-1-106
                (Rev. 9-6-07) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-1-109
                (Rev. 11-29-12)
                (Enacted 9-6-07)
3-2-
3-3-
                (Enacted 8-23-05)
3-3-102
                (Rev. 7-25-06) (Rev. 5-14-08) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-3-404
                (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-3-405
                (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-3-406
                (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-3-407
                (Rev. 7-14-09) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-3-603
                (Rev. 2-21-06) (Rev. 3-7-06) (Rev. 7-25-06) (Rev. *-*-*)
3-3-701
                (Rev. 8-3-04)
3-3-805
                (Rev. 5-14-08)
3-4-210
                (Rev. 4-15-03) (Rev. *-*-*)
4-1-108
                (Rev. 8-18-05)
4-1-402
                (Rev. 8-18-05) (Rev. *-*-*)
4-1-508
                (Enacted 2-24-05)
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